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Doc. 300.1.1

Date: 3.3.2023

External Evaluation

Report

(Conventional-face-to-face programme of study)

- Higher Education Institution:
 ARTE MUSIC ACADEMY
- Town: Nicosia
- School/Faculty (if applicable): Music
- Department/ Sector: Music
- Programme of study- Name (Duration, ECTS, Cycle)

In Greek:

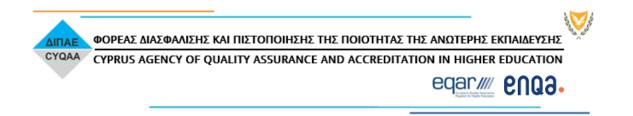
Μουσικές Σπουδές (4 έτη, Πτυχίο Μουσικών Σπουδών) In English:

Music Studies (4 years, Bachelor's Degree in Music)

- Language(s) of instruction: Greek and/or English
- **Programme's status** Currently Operating:
- Concentrations (if any):

In Greek: Concentrations In English: Concentrations

KYΠPIAKH ΔΗΜΟΚΡΑΤΙΑ REPUBLIC OF CYPRUS



The present document has been prepared within the framework of the authority and competencies of the Cyprus Agency of Quality Assurance and Accreditation in Higher Education, according to the provisions of the "Quality Assurance and Accreditation of Higher Education and the Establishment and Operation of an Agency on Related Matters Laws" of 2015 to 2021 [L.136(I)/2015 – L.132(I)/2021].



A. Introduction

This part includes basic information regarding the onsite visit.

The onsite visit took place on 28.2.2023. The assessors met the Head of the Institution (director and Head of course Mrs. Pitsa Spyridaki), the Internal Evaluation Committee (Vice president Pitsa Spyridakis, Secretary Dr. Ayis Ioannides, Head of Composition Orientation Andreas Moustoukis, Head of student admission Egli Spyridaki, student member Ioulios Georgakopoulos), Head of Academic Orientation & Music Education (Dr. Anastasia Hasikou), Head of Library (Andromachi Spyridaki), Assistant Librarian (Spyros Spiridakis) and various members of the academic and administrative staff, students and alumni.

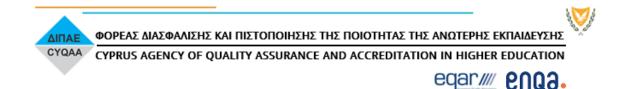
The assessors toured through selected parts of the building of the academy, attended classes and a short musical presentation of various students.

The assessors appreciated the warm welcome and hospitality of the members of the Arte Academy.



B. External Evaluation Committee (EEC)

Name	Position	University
Anastasia Siopsi	Head of Music Department	Ionian University Corfu
Lóránt Peteri	Head of Musicology Department	Liszt Ferenc Academy of Music
Michael Posch	Dean Faculty Music	MUK University of Music and Arts of the city of Vienna
Maria Christoforou	Student representative	University of Cyprus
Name	Position	University
Name	Position	University



C. Guidelines on content and structure of the report

- The external evaluation report follows the structure of assessment areas.
- At the beginning of each assessment area there is a box presenting:

 (a) sub-areas
 - (b) standards which are relevant to the European Standards and Guidelines (ESG)
 - (c) some questions that EEC may find useful.
- The questions aim at facilitating the understanding of each assessment area and at illustrating the range of topics covered by the standards.
- Under each assessment area, it is important to provide information regarding the compliance with the requirements of each sub-area. In particular, the following must be included:

<u>Findings</u>

A short description of the situation in the Higher Education Institution (HEI), based on elements from the application for external evaluation and on findings from the onsite visit.

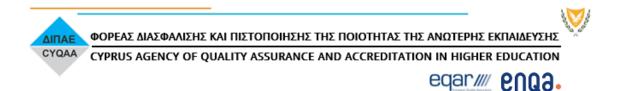
<u>Strengths</u>

A list of strengths, e.g. examples of good practices, achievements, innovative solutions etc.

Areas of improvement and recommendations

A list of problem areas to be dealt with, followed by or linked to the recommendations of how to improve the situation.

- The EEC should state the compliance for each sub-area (Non-compliant, Partially compliant, Compliant), which must be in agreement with everything stated in the report. It is pointed out that, in the case of standards that cannot be applied due to the status of the HEI and/or of the programme of study, N/A (= Not Applicable) should be noted.
- The EEC should state the conclusions and final remarks regarding the programme of study as a whole.
- The report may also address other issues which the EEC finds relevant.



1. Study programme and study programme's design and development (ESG 1.1, 1.2, 1.7, 1.8, 1.9)

Sub-areas

- 1.1 Policy for quality assurance
- 1.2 Design, approval, on-going monitoring and review
- 1.3 Public information
- 1.4 Information management

1.1 Policy for quality assurance

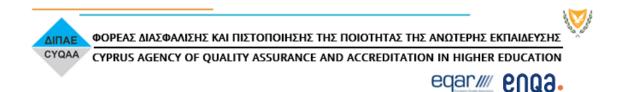
Standards

- Policy for quality assurance of the programme of study:
 - o has a formal status and is publicly available
 - supports the organisation of the quality assurance system through appropriate structures, regulations and processes
 - supports teaching, administrative staff and students to take on their responsibilities in quality assurance
 - ensures academic integrity and freedom and is vigilant against academic fraud
 - guards against intolerance of any kind or discrimination against the students or staff
 - o supports the involvement of external stakeholders

1.2 Design, approval, on-going monitoring and review

<u>Standards</u>

- The programme of study:
 - is designed with overall programme objectives that are in line with the Institutional strategy and have explicit intended learning outcomes
 - o is designed by involving students and other stakeholders
 - o benefits from external expertise
 - reflects the four purposes of higher education of the Council of Europe (preparation for sustainable employment, personal development, preparation for life as active citizens in democratic societies, the development and maintenance, through teaching, learning and research, of a broad, advanced knowledge base)
 - is designed so that it enables smooth student progression
 - is designed so that the exams' and assignments' content corresponds to the level of the programme and the number of ECTS



- o defines the expected student workload in ECTS
- o includes well-structured placement opportunities where appropriate
- o is subject to a formal Institutional approval process
- results in a qualification that is clearly specified and communicated, and refers to the correct level of the National Qualifications Framework for Higher Education and, consequently, to the Framework for Qualifications of the European Higher Education Area
- is regularly monitored in the light of the latest research in the given discipline, thus ensuring that the programme is up-to-date
- is periodically reviewed so that it takes into account the changing needs of 0 progression and society, the students' workload, completion, the assessment of students. effectiveness of procedures for student expectations, needs and satisfaction in relation to the programme
- o is reviewed and revised regularly involving students and other stakeholders

1.3 Public information

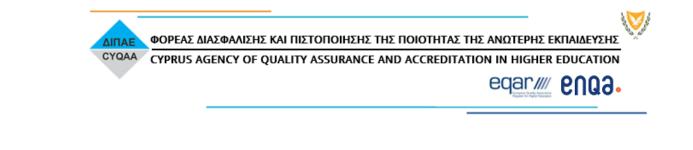
Standards

- Regarding the programme of study, clear, accurate, up-to date and readily accessible information is published about:
 - o selection criteria
 - o intended learning outcomes
 - o qualification awarded
 - o teaching, learning and assessment procedures
 - o pass rates
 - o learning opportunities available to the students
 - o graduate employment information

1.4 Information management

Standards

- Information for the effective management of the programme of study is collected, monitored and analysed:
 - o key performance indicators
 - o profile of the student population
 - o student progression, success and drop-out rates
 - o students' satisfaction with their programmes
 - o learning resources and student support available
 - o career paths of graduates
- Students and staff are involved in providing and analysing information and planning follow-up activities.



You may also consider the following questions:

- What is the procedure for quality assurance of the programme and who is involved?
- Who is involved in the study programme's design and development (launching, changing, internal evaluation) and what is taken into account (strategies, the needs of society, etc.)?
- How/to what extent are students themselves involved in the development of the content of their studies?
- Please evaluate a) whether the study programme remains current and consistent with developments in society (labour market, digital technologies, etc.), and b) whether the content and objectives of the study programme are in accordance with each other?
- Do the content and the delivery of the programme correspond to the European Qualifications Framework (EQF)?
- How is coherence of the study programme ensured, i.e., logical sequence and coherence of courses? How are substantial overlaps between courses avoided? How is it ensured that the teaching staff is aware of the content and outputs of their colleagues' work within the same study programme?
- How does the study programme support development of the learners' general competencies (including digital literacy, foreign language skills, entrepreneurship, communication and teamwork skills)?
- What are the scope and objectives of the foundation courses in the study programme (where appropriate)? What are the pass rates?
- How long does it take a student on average to graduate? Is the graduation rate for the study programme analogous to other European programmes with similar content? What is the pass rate per course/semester?
- How is it ensured that the actual student workload is in accordance with the workload expressed by ECTS?
- What are the opportunities for international students to participate in the study programme (courses/modules taught in a foreign language)?
- Is information related to the programme of study publicly available?
- How is the HEI evaluating the success of its graduates in the labor market? What is the feedback from graduates of the study programme on their employment and/or continuation of studies?
- Have the results of student feedback been analysed and taken into account, and how (e.g., when planning in-service training for the teaching staff)?
- What are the reasons for dropping out (voluntary withdrawal)? What has been done to reduce the number of such students?



Findings

A short description of the situation in the Higher Education Institution (HEI), based on elements from the application for external evaluation and on findings from the onsite visit.

A 4-year Bachelor's programme in Music studies was re-evaluated on 12/5/2014. The evaluation was retroactive for 10 years and began on 28/5/2013.

Even if the Institution has an Internal Quality Committee meeting two times a year and even if the assessors have been provided with a document named "F1. Quality Policy" the assessors got the impression that the content of the document is not of European higher educational standards. A policy for quality assurance could not be found on the website.

The assessors neither have been provided with a policy for gender & diversity & equal treatment nor with guidelines against intolerance of any kind or discrimination against the students or staff. No information can be found on the website.

The assessors have been provided with an internal questionnaire for the students. The assessors have been told that suggestions from the students for improving have resulted in changes in courses and curriculum.

The Institution does not offer any computer-supported evaluation system like evasys.

The assessors have not been provided with statistic analyses regarding success & drop-out rates and career paths of graduates, even if the teachers of the Institution has up-to-date information on the career paths of their alumni trough personal communication.

Strengths

A list of strengths, e.g. examples of good practices, achievements, innovative solutions etc.

The assessors find that the Institution is open to change the curriculum on the basis of students' feedback.

Areas of improvement and recommendations

A list of problem areas to be dealt with, followed by or linked to the recommendations of how to improve the situation.

The Institution should rework its policy for quality assurance and should provide written documents according to Higher education standards (e.g. policy for gender & diversity & equal treatment, guidelines against intolerance of any kind or discrimination against the students or staff) and make it public on their website.

The Institution should work on statistic analyses regarding success & drop-out rates and career paths of graduates.

Please select what is appropriate for each of the following sub-areas:

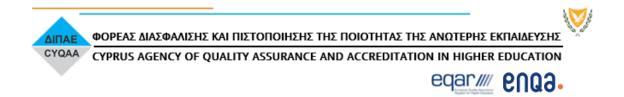
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Sub-a	area	Non-compliant/ Partially Compliant/Compliant
1.1	Policy for quality assurance	Non compliant
1.2	Design, approval, on-going monitoring and review	Partially compliant
1.3	Public information	Partially compliant
1.4	Information management	Partially compliant



2. Student – centred learning, teaching and assessment (ESG 1.3)

Sub-areas

- 2.1 Process of teaching and learning and student-centred teaching methodology
- 2.2 Practical training
- 2.3 Student assessment

2.1 Process of teaching and learning and student-centred teaching methodology

<u>Standards</u>

- The process of teaching and learning supports students' individual and social development.
- The process of teaching and learning is flexible, considers different modes of delivery, where appropriate, uses a variety of pedagogical methods and facilitates the achievement of planned learning outcomes.
- Students are encouraged to take an active role in creating the learning process.
- The implementation of student-centered learning and teaching encourages a sense of autonomy in the learner, while ensuring adequate guidance and support from the teacher.
- Teaching methods, tools and material used in teaching are modern, effective, support the use of modern educational technologies and are regularly updated.
- Mutual respect within the learner-teacher relationship is promoted.
- The implementation of student-centred learning and teaching respects and attends to the diversity of students and their needs, enabling flexible learning paths.
- Appropriate procedures for dealing with students' complaints regarding the process of teaching and learning are set.

2.2 Practical training

<u>Standards</u>

- Practical and theoretical studies are interconnected.
- The organisation and the content of practical training, if applicable, support achievement of planned learning outcomes and meet the needs of the stakeholders.

2.3 Student assessment

<u>Standards</u>

• Assessment is consistent, fairly applied to all students and carried out in accordance with the stated procedures.



- Assessment is appropriate, transparent, objective and supports the development of the learner.
- The criteria for the method of assessment, as well as criteria for marking, are published in advance.
- Assessment allows students to demonstrate the extent to which the intended learning outcomes have been achieved. Students are given feedback, which, if necessary, is linked to advice on the learning process.
- Assessment, where possible, is carried out by more than one examiner.
- A formal procedure for student appeals is in place.
- Assessors are familiar with existing testing and examination methods and receive support in developing their own skills in this field.
- The regulations for assessment take into account mitigating circumstances.

You may also consider the following questions:

- How is it monitored that the teaching staff base their teaching and assessment methods on objectives and intended learning outcomes? Provide samples of examination papers (if available).
- How are students' different abilities, learning needs and learning opportunities taken into consideration when conducting educational activities?
- How is the development of students' general competencies (including digital skills) supported in educational activities?
- How is it ensured that innovative teaching methods, learning environments and learning aids that support learning are diverse and used in educational activities?
- Is the teaching staff using new technology in order to make the teaching process more effective?
- How is it ensured that theory and practice are interconnected in teaching and learning?
- How is practical training organised (finding practical training positions, guidelines for practical training, supervision, reporting, feedback, etc.)? What role does practical training have in achieving the objectives of the study programme? What is student feedback on the content and arrangement of practical training?
- Are students actively involved in research? How is student involvement in research set up?
- How is supervision of student research papers (seminar papers, projects, theses, etc.) organised?
- Do students' assessments correspond to the European Qualifications Framework (EQF)?
- How are the assessment methods chosen and to what extent do students get supportive feedback on their academic progress during their studies?
- How is the objectivity and relevance of student assessment ensured (assessment of the degree of achievement of the intended learning outcomes)?



Findings

A short description of the situation in the Higher Education Institution (HEI), based on elements from the application for external evaluation and on findings from the onsite visit.

The assessors find that according to documents provided the program has four orientations (performance, composition, music education and academic study of music). It appeared that the orientations "performance" and "composition" are clearly defined in the curriculum. During the meetings with academic staff responsible for the program the assessors were told that the orientations "music education" and "academic study of music" are practically identical and maintained for students who failed in the orientations "performance" and "composition".

The assessors have been confused in finding names of the orientation "composition" such as like "Theory of music" (Application.docx, page 6) or "Advanced Theory" (Annex 2, Institutions internal regulations, page 12).

Students are not involved in research activities. The assessors could not find any course in academic writing apart from a single seminar, therefore the students do not seem to be fully prepared for academic writing of research-led works.

The assessors found out that quality assurance for getting the BA-degree is completely absent.

At the end of the BA-studies students with orientation "performance" have to perform a 60-minute public concert.

Students with orientation "composition", "music education" /"academic study of music" only have to collect additional ECTS-points from courses without a final presentation or examination. A research-based, written BA-thesis is not demanded for any orientation.

The information the Institution provides with regard to orientations and the requisites for receiving the BA-degree is unclear and confusing.

Strengths

A list of strengths, e.g. examples of good practices, achievements, innovative solutions etc.

The assessors found a friendly, family-like environment hosting all musical activities.

Areas of improvement and recommendations

A list of problem areas to be dealt with, followed by or linked to the recommendations of how to improve the situation.

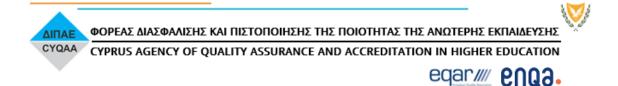
The assessors recommend a reworking of the BA-curriculum to clarify the function, naming and content of individual orientations and to thoroughly elaborate the final examinations of each orientation with special regard to the general criteria of BA-degrees in the European Higher Education area.



Please select what is appropriate for each of the following sub-areas:

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Sub-a	area	Non-compliant/ Partially Compliant/Compliant
2.1	Process of teaching and learning and student- centred teaching methodology	Partially compliant
2.2	Practical training	Partially compliant
2.3	Student assessment	Non-compliant



3. Teaching staff (ESG 1.5)

Sub-areas

- 3.1 Teaching staff recruitment and development
- 3.2 Teaching staff number and status
- 3.3 Synergies of teaching and research

3.1 Teaching staff recruitment and development

<u>Standards</u>

- Institutions ensure the competence of their teaching staff.
- Fair, transparent and clear processes for the recruitment and development of the teaching staff are set up.
- Teaching staff qualifications are adequate to achieve the objectives and planned learning outcomes of the study programme, and to ensure quality and sustainability of the teaching and learning.
- The teaching staff is regularly engaged in professional and teaching-skills training and development.
- Promotion of the teaching staff takes into account the quality of their teaching, their research activity, the development of their teaching skills and their mobility.
- Innovation in teaching methods and the use of new technologies is encouraged.
- Conditions of employment that recognise the importance of teaching are followed.
- Recognised visiting teaching staff participates in teaching the study programme.

3.2 Teaching staff number and status

Standards

- The number of the teaching staff is adequate to support the programme of study.
- The teaching staff status (rank, full/part time) is appropriate to offer a quality programme of study.
- Visiting staff number does not exceed the number of the permanent staff.

3.3 Synergies of teaching and research

Standards

- The teaching staff collaborate in the fields of teaching and research within the HEI and with partners outside (practitioners in their fields, employers, and staff members at other HEIs in Cyprus or abroad).
- Scholarly activity to strengthen the link between education and research is encouraged.
- The teaching staff publications are within the discipline.

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- Teaching staff studies and publications are closely related to the programme's courses.
- The allocation of teaching hours compared to the time for research activity is appropriate.

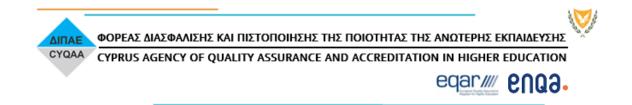
You may also consider the following questions:

- How are the members of the teaching staff supported with regard to the development of their teaching skills? How is feedback given to members of the teaching staff regarding their teaching results and teaching skills?
- How is the teaching performance assessed? How does their teaching performance affect their remuneration, evaluation and/or selection?
- Is teaching connected with research?
- Does the HEI involve visiting teaching staff from other HEIs in Cyprus and abroad?
- What is the number, workload, qualifications and status of the teaching staff (rank, full/part timers)?
- Is student evaluation conducted on the teaching staff? If yes, have the results of student feedback been analysed and taken into account, and how (e.g., when planning in-service training for the teaching staff)?

<u>Findings</u>

A short description of the situation in the Higher Education Institution (HEI), based on elements from the application for external evaluation and on findings from the onsite visit.

- The assessors are missing fair, transparent and clear processes for the recruitment and development of the teaching staff. Every teacher is called "Professor" without taking part in an evaluated procedure. The Institution uses other academic titles occasionally and inconsequently (e.g. Annex 3, page 1: adjunct lecturer, lecturer)
- The assessors received the oral information from the members of the teaching staff participating in the meeting that they are teaching on the basis of self-employment and paid per given teaching hours. They do not have permanent contracts or any proper academic job. The status of the members of the academic staff (full-time or part-time / employed in academic position or paid on the basis of teaching hours) is unclear in the documents submitted by the Institution.
- The assessors are missing a promotion of the teaching staff according to the quality of their teaching, their research activity, the development of their teaching skills and their mobility.
- The teaching staff status (academic rank, full/part time) is not appropriate for the quality assurance of the study programme.
- Even if the Institution transmitted a list of "visiting Professors" (Table 14, Visiting teaching stuff) it appeared through the conversations in the onsite visit that those colleagues were invited to give masterclasses.



• The allocation of teaching hours compared to the time for research activity is not appropriate as they do not have permanent contracts and take care of various administrative duties.

Strengths

A list of strengths, e.g. examples of good practices, achievements, innovative solutions etc.

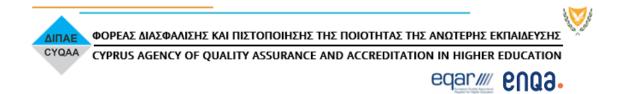
During the meeting with members of the teaching staff the assessors observed their genuine interest in the subjects they teach and in their students development.

Areas of improvement and recommendations

A list of problem areas to be dealt with, followed by or linked to the recommendations of how to improve the situation.

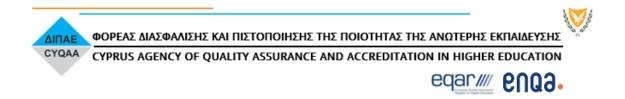
The assessors urge the Institution to create permanent / full-time positions for the academic staff in the required number of 70%.

The assessors recommend to install transparent and clear processes for the recruitment and development of the teaching staff and to install a genuine academic ranking.



Please select what is appropriate for each of the following sub-areas:

Sub-a	area	Non-compliant/ Partially Compliant/Compliant
3.1	Teaching staff recruitment and development	Non-compliant
3.2	Teaching staff number and status	Non-compliant
3.3	Synergies of teaching and research	Partially compliant



4. Student admission, progression, recognition and certification (ESG 1.4)

Sub-areas

- 4.1 Student admission, processes and criteria
- 4.2 Student progression
- 4.3 Student recognition
- 4.4 Student certification

4.1 Student admission, processes and criteria

<u>Standards</u>

- Pre-defined and published regulations regarding student admission are in place.
- Access policies, admission processes and criteria are implemented consistently and in a transparent manner.

4.2 Student progression

<u>Standards</u>

- Pre-defined and published regulations regarding student progression are in place.
- Processes and tools to collect, monitor and act on information on student progression, are in place.

4.3 Student recognition

<u>Standards</u>

- Pre-defined and published regulations regarding student recognition are in place.
- Fair recognition of higher education qualifications, periods of study and prior learning, including the recognition of non-formal and informal learning, are essential components for ensuring the students' progress in their studies, while promoting mobility.
- Appropriate recognition procedures are in place that rely on:
 - Institutional practice for recognition being in line with the principles of the Lisbon Recognition Convention
 - cooperation with other Institutions, quality assurance agencies and the national ENIC/NARIC centre with a view to ensuring coherent recognition across the country

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4.4 Student certification

Standards

- Pre-defined and published regulations regarding student certification are in place.
- Students receive certification explaining the qualification gained, including achieved learning outcomes and the context, level, content and status of the studies that were pursued and successfully completed.

You may also consider the following questions:

- Are the admission requirements for the study programme appropriate? How is the students' prior preparation/education assessed (including the level of international students, for example)?
- How is the procedure of recognition for prior learning and work experience ensured, including recognition of study results acquired at foreign higher education Institutions?
- Is the certification of the HEI accompanied by a diploma supplement, which is in line with European and international standards?

Findings

A short description of the situation in the Higher Education Institution (HEI), based on elements from the application for external evaluation and on findings from the onsite visit.

Students admission, processes criteria, progression and certification are clear and transparent and accessible to all stakeholders.

"ARTE Music Academy is registered at the Erasmus + programme, nevertheless the Academy never had an exchange of students yet. (application, page 10)"

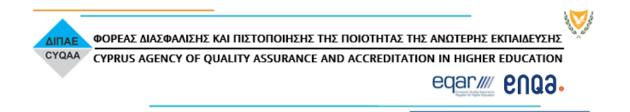
During the meetings it appeared that the Institution is reluctant to accept ECTS prospectively received by their students from other higher educational Institutions. The assessors have been told that students of Arte Academy should attend all courses that academy offers regardless to the courses they would attend in other universities.

Additionally the assessors have been told that there is not any appropriate facility for possible incoming students of the Erasmus + programme.

Strengths

A list of strengths, e.g. examples of good practices, achievements, innovative solutions etc.

Clarity of admission criteria helps applicants to prepare themselves and to make their decisions about the application.



Areas of improvement and recommendations

A list of problem areas to be dealt with, followed by or linked to the recommendations of how to improve the situation.

The assessors recommend a genuine involvement of the Institution in the Erasmus + programme by accepting the common rules of recognition and offering the needed facilities for visiting students.

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Please select what is appropriate for each of the following sub-areas:

		Non-compliant/
Sub-a	area	Partially Compliant/Compliant
4.1	Student admission, processes and criteria	Compliant
4.2	Student progression	Compliant
4.3	Student recognition	Partially Compliant
4.4	Student certification	Compliant



5. Learning resources and student support (ESG 1.6)

Sub-areas

- 5.1 Teaching and Learning resources
- 5.2 Physical resources
- 5.3 Human support resources
- 5.4 Student support

5.1 Teaching and Learning resources

Standards

- Adequate and readily accessible teaching and learning resources (teaching and learning environments, materials, aids and equipment) are provided to students and support the achievement of objectives in the study programme.
- Adequacy of resources is ensured for changing circumstances (change in student numbers, etc.).
- All resources are fit for purpose.
- Student-centred learning and flexible modes of learning and teaching, are taken into account when allocating, planning and providing the learning resources.

5.2 Physical resources

<u>Standards</u>

- Physical resources, i.e. premises, libraries, study facilities, IT infrastructure, are adequate to support the study programme.
- Adequacy of resources is ensured for changing circumstances (change in student numbers, etc.).
- All resources are fit for purpose and students are informed about the services available to them.

5.3 Human support resources

<u>Standards</u>

- Human support resources, i.e. tutors/mentors, counsellors, other advisers, qualified administrative staff, are adequate to support the study programme.
- Adequacy of resources is ensured for changing circumstances (change in student numbers, etc.).

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 All resources are fit for purpose and students are informed about the services available to them.

5.4 Student support

Standards

- Student support is provided covering the needs of a diverse student population, such as mature, part-time, employed and international students and students with special needs.
- Students are informed about the services available to them.
- Student-centred learning and flexible modes of learning and teaching, are taken into account when allocating, planning and providing student support.
- Students' mobility within and across higher education systems is encouraged and supported.

You may also consider the following questions:

- Evaluate the supply of teaching materials and equipment (including teaching labs, expendable materials, etc.), the condition of classrooms, adequacy of financial resources to conduct the study programme and achieve its objectives. What needs to be supplemented/ improved?
- What is the feedback from the teaching staff on the availability of teaching materials, classrooms, etc.?
- Are the resources in accordance with actual (changing) needs and contemporary requirements? How is the effectiveness of using resources ensured?
- What are the resource-related trends and future risks (risks arising from changing numbers of students, obsolescence of teaching equipment, etc.)? How are these trends taken into account and how are the risks mitigated?
- Evaluate student feedback on support services. Based on student feedback, which support services (including information flow, counselling) need further development?
- How is student learning within the standard period of study supported (student counselling, flexibility of the study programme, etc.)?
- How students' special needs are considered (different capabilities, different levels of academic preparation, special needs due to physical disabilities, etc.)?
- How is student mobility being supported?

Findings

A short description of the situation in the Higher Education Institution (HEI), based on elements from the application for external evaluation and on findings from the onsite visit.



- Students' mobility within and across higher education systems is neither encouraged nor supported.
- The library and IT infrastructure is neither up-to-date nor adequate to support the study programme properly.
- The assessors found certain weaknesses in the provision of online databases.
- The majority of the administrative positions is undertaken by members of the academic staff.
- Student advisors help the students during their studies.

Strengths

A list of strengths, e.g. examples of good practices, achievements, innovative solutions etc.

Student advisors help the students during their studies with great care and personal commitment.

Areas of improvement and recommendations

A list of problem areas to be dealt with, followed by or linked to the recommendations of how to improve the situation.

The assessors suggest the provision of RILM and RISM for enriching the set of online resources.

Please select what is appropriate for each of the following sub-areas:

		Non-compliant/
Sub-a	area	Partially Compliant/Compliant
5.1	Teaching and Learning resources	Compliant
5.2	Physical resources	Partially Compliant
5.3	Human support resources	Compliant
5.4	Student support	Compliant



6. Additional for doctoral programmes (ALL ESG)

Sub-areas

- 6.1 Selection criteria and requirements
- 6.2 Proposal and dissertation
- 6.3 Supervision and committees

6.1 Selection criteria and requirements

Standards

- Specific criteria that the potential students need to meet for admission in the programme, as well as how the selection procedures are made, are defined.
- The following requirements of the doctoral degree programme are analysed and published:
 - o the stages of completion
 - the minimum and maximum time of completing the programme
 - the examinations
 - the procedures for supporting and accepting the student's proposal
 - o the criteria for obtaining the Ph.D. degree

6.2 Proposal and dissertation

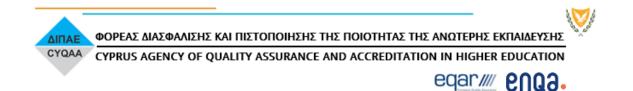
<u>Standards</u>

- Specific and clear guidelines for the writing of the proposal and the dissertation are set regarding:
 - the chapters that are contained
 - the system used for the presentation of each chapter, sub-chapters and bibliography
 - the minimum word limit
 - the binding, the cover page and the prologue pages, including the pages supporting the authenticity, originality and importance of the dissertation, as well as the reference to the committee for the final evaluation
- There is a plagiarism check system. Information is provided on the detection of plagiarism and the consequences in case of such misconduct.
- The process of submitting the dissertation to the university library is set.

6.3 Supervision and committees

<u>Standards</u>

- The composition, the procedure and the criteria for the formation of the advisory committee (to whom the doctoral student submits the research proposal) are determined.
- The composition, the procedure and the criteria for the formation of the examining committee (to whom the doctoral student defends his/her dissertation), are determined.
- The duties of the supervisor-chairperson and the other members of the advisory



committee towards the student are determined and include:

- o regular meetings
- o reports per semester and feedback from supervisors
- o support for writing research papers
- o participation in conferences
- The number of doctoral students that each chairperson supervises at the same time are determined.

You may also consider the following questions:

- How is the scientific quality of the PhD thesis ensured?
- Is there a link between the doctoral programmes of study and the society? What is the value of the obtained degree outside academia and in the labour market?
- Can you please provide us with some dissertation samples?

Findings

A short description of the situation in the Higher Education Institution (HEI), based on elements from the application for external evaluation and on findings from the onsite visit.

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Strengths

A list of strengths, e.g. examples of good practices, achievements, innovative solutions etc.

Click or tap here to enter text.

Areas of improvement and recommendations

A list of problem areas to be dealt with, followed by or linked to the recommendations of how to improve the situation.

Click or tap here to enter text.

Please select what is appropriate for each of the following sub-areas:

Sub-area		Non-compliant/ Partially Compliant/Compliant
6.1	Selection criteria and requirements	Choose answer
6.2	Proposal and dissertation	Choose answer

ΔΙΠΑΕ	ΦΟΡΕΑΣ ΔΙΑΣΦΑΛΙΣΗΣ ΚΑΙ ΠΙΣΤΟΠΟΙΗΣΗΣ ΤΗΣ ΠΟΙΟΤΗΤΑΣ ΤΗΣ ΑΝΩΤΕΡΗΣ ΕΚΠΑΙΔΕΥΣΗΣ
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6.3 Supervision and committees Choose answer D. Conclusions and final remarks

Please provide constructive conclusions and final remarks which may form the basis upon which improvements of the quality of the programme of study under review may be achieved, with emphasis on the correspondence with the EQF.

The BA-programme of Arte Academy is maintained by a group of committed and experienced professional musicians under the direction of the founder Mrs. Pitsa Spyridaki, who is one of the three shareholders of the company owning the Institution.

The students are studying in a family-like environment and receive a lot of support from the leadership of the Institution.

The programme, however, is running under unusual circumstances and within frameworks that are unfamiliar regarding the standards of the European higher educational area.

The assessors highly recommend taking action in the following fields:

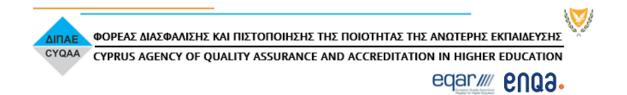
-Lack of policies for gender & diversity & equal treatment and of guidelines against intolerance of any kind or discrimination against the students or staff.

-Lack of final examinations in the majority of orientations.

-Lack of hierarchy and appointment in academic staff according to European higher educational standards paired with the lack of fair, transparent and clear processes for the recruitment and development of the teaching staff.

-Lack of permanent / full-time positions for the academic staff in the required number of 70%.

-Lack of Erasmus mobility.



E. Signatures of the EEC

Name	Signature
Anastasia Siopsi	
Lóránt Péteri	Pileilins
Michael Posch	A
Maria Christoforou	Maria Christoforou
Click to enter Name	
Click to enter Name	

